The Pyongyang Times

No. 27 (3[illegible]) TUESDAY, JUNE 22, 1971 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Plenary Meeting of South Pyongan Provincial Committee of WPK Held under Guidance of Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader

An enlarged plenary meeting of the South Pyongan Provincial Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea was held from June 16 to 18 under the guidance of the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The plenary meeting was attended by the Members and Alternate Members of the Provincial Committee of the Party and Members of the Provincial Party Auditing Commission, workers of the Party and government organs and economic organs, functionaries of the working people's organizations, factories, enterprises and cooperative farms in the province.

The plenary meeting was also attended by Comrade Kim Il, Member of the Political Committee, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Party and First Vice-Premier of the Cabinet; Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Party and Second Vice-Premier of the Cabinet; Comrade Kim Man Gum, Alternate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Party and Vice-Premier of the Cabinet; and functionaries of the Central Committee of the Party, ministries and central organs.

The plenary meeting discussed the question of thoroughly implementing the instructions of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, on radically improving the living of the people in the province.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, made an important concluding speech at the plenary meeting.

The plenary meeting heard the report of Comrade Li Gun Mo, Alternate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chief Secretary of the South Pyongan Provincial Party Committee. After the report many comrades took part in discussion.

The attendants of the plenary meeting made the firm determination to make the programmatic instructions of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, their bones and flesh and thoroughly implement them and thus brilliantly realize the grand plan and lofty intention of the Leader to raise our people's material and cultural living standard on a higher plane.

The plenary meeting adopted relevant decisions.

The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Sends Message of Greetings to Eighth Conference of Heads of States and Governments of the OAU

☆ ☆

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent on June 20 a message of greetings to the Eighth Conference of Heads of States and Governments of the Organization of African Unity.

The message reads:

☆ ☆

I, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people and in my own name, extend warm greetings to the Eighth Conference of Heads of States and Governments of Organization of African Unity and the entire delegates attending the conference.

The Korean people follow with deep interest the just struggle of the African peoples against the aggressive manoeuvres and apartheid policy of the imperialists and the old and new colonialists and for freedom and liberation and the consolidation of the national independence and the independent development of the countries and express full support to and solidarity with them in it.

Believing that your conference would be conducive to the work for the complete liberation and unity of Africa, I sincerely wish you success in your work.

TELEGRAMS

✦ Marshal **Kim Il Sung**, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a telegram from Samdech **Norodom Sihanouk**, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, in reply to his message sent to the latter in connection with the fact that the Cambodian people and National Liberation Army have won great victories, together with the Vietnamese and Laotian peoples and their armed forces, by smashing the large-scale armed invasion of U.S. imperialism on various fronts of Indochina.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from **Leopold Sedar Senghor**, President of the Republic of Senegal, replying to his telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 11th anniversary of the independence of Senegal.

EDITORIAL

Sixth Congress of League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea Which Will Mark a New Milestone in Development of the Youth Movement

Today the entire Korean people and youth greet the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea in the militant circumstances in which the whole country is seething with a grand struggle for realizing the magnificent programme of socialist and communist construction set forth by the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung at the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Greeting this significant Congress, the entire LSWY members and youth, together with all the working people of our country, extend the highest honour and unbounded gratitude to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of revolution and benign father of the youth, who brought into being the brilliant historical roots of the youth movement since he set out on the road of revolution in his early years and reared the League of Socialist Working Youth into such an invincible revolutionary contingent, into such a reliable militant reserve of the Party as we see today.

This Congress discussing the militant tasks of the Youth League for carrying through the decisions of the Fifth Congress of the Party will more thoroughly embody the great revolutionary idea, *Juche* idea, of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in the work of the LSWY, and thus bring about a new turn in the struggle for closely rallying all the youth around the Leader, increasing the militancy of the LSWY in every way and further enhancing the role of youth in revolution and construction and develop the Korean youth movement onto a higher stage.

During the historic period up to date since the Fifth Congress of the Democratic Youth League that marked a new stage in the Korean youth movement, great advance and leap have been made in the work of the LSWY by embodying the great revolutionary idea, *Juche* idea, of the Leader in an all-round way.

The brilliant successes and victories scored in the work of the LSWY during the period under review owe entirely to the sagacious guidance and paternal solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people.

The Leader formed in person the Down-With-Imperialism Union, the Anti-Imperialist Youth League, the Young Communist League of Korea and other revolutionary youth and children's organizations and built up the brilliant revolutionary tradition of the Korean youth movement in the early days of his revolutionary activities, and grew its roots deeper and stronger during the anti-Japanese armed struggle. After liberation, the Leader, basing himself on the brilliant historical roots, founded the Democratic Youth League in time. And at the Fifth Congress of the Democratic Youth League he renamed the Democratic Youth League the League of Socialist Working Youth so as to meet the requirement of the new stage of development of our revolution and has led the Korean youth movement solely along one road of victory and glory.

At the Fifth Congress of the Democratic Youth League the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"We must develop the League of Socialist Working Youth into a more powerful militant organization of the Korean youth fighting for socialism and communism as a reliable reserve of the Workers' Party. Youth League organizations at all levels should be solidly built up, organizational life in the League steadily strengthened, and political and ideological work vigorously carried on without interruption among the entire youth. In this way the role of the Youth League and the youth should be further enhanced in all political, economic and cultural spheres." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 101.)

Upholding the programmatic teaching given by the Leader, the League of Socialist Working Youth energetically conducted the work of firmly establishing the Party's unitary ideological system among the youtir and revolutionizing and working-classizing them and vigorously roused the youth to the struggle for thoroughly implementing the Party's revolutionary line of carrying on economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel.

The most brilliant achievement made in the work of the LSWY during the period under review is that the unitary ideological system of the Party has been established more thoroughly than ever within the whole League and that the close unity and cohesion of the youth ranks have been achieved on the basis of the great revolutionary idea, the *Juche* idea, of the Leader.

In order to firmly establish the Party's unitary ideological system within the League, the League of Socialist Working Youth under the slogan "Let us learn from the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" saw that all the contents of ideological education were made to be the ones for arming its members and young people thoroughly with the Leader's great revolutionary idea, *Juche* idea, and that all the LSWY members and youth deeply studied and grasped the brilliant works and teachings of the Leader and made his great revolutionary idea, *Juche* idea, and its embodiment, the Party's lines and policies, their firm belief and bone and flesh.

The League of Socialist Working Youth also vigorously carried on without interruption the education in revolutionary traditions among the youth so that the LSWY members and youth might have a full understanding of the revolutionary family of the Leader and his glorious, resplendent revolutionary history and grasp the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader, the sagacity of his leadership and his lofty virtues deeply and in an all-round way.

On the other hand, the LSWY vigorously unfolded an ideological struggle against revisionist and bourgeois ideas and feudalistic Confucian ideas and stubbornly fought to establish *Juche* in all the activities of the Youth League and in the life of the youth, while opposing flunkeyism and dogmatism to the end.

As a result, the Party's unitary ideological system has firmly been established in the whole League of Socialist Working Youth from its Central Committee down to its primary organizations and the complete unity of the ranks of youth based on the system of the *Juche* idea has been achieved. All the LSWY members and youth have grown into revolutionary soldiers who breathe and act according to only one idea—the revolutionary idea, *Juche* idea, of the Leader—and will remain loyal to him forever and the Youth League organizations have been firmly built up into guards and death-defying corps protecting and defending the Leader with lives and carrying through the orders and instructions of the Leader unconditionally and thoroughly.

The achievement of the firm unity of the youth ranks based on the unitary ideological system of the Party is a great victory of historic significance in the development of the Korean communist youth movement.

During the period under review, the League of Socialist Working Youth consistently strove to revolutionize and working-classize the youth and rear them into true Communists, into staunch revolutionaries.

The League of Socialist Working Youth intensified communist education, class education in particular, among the youth, while energetically carrying on their education in the Party's policies and in the revolutionary traditions, so that they could have a firm class view-point of the working class and bitterly hate U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, the main targets of our struggle, and the quisling Pak Jung Hi, their dual lackey, and all other class enemies and fight resolutely against imperialism and the exploitation system.

The LSWY persistently carried on the work of educating the youth in socialist patriotism while striving to foster in them the spirit of collectivism and communist attitude towards labour.

During the period under review the LSWY scored a splendid success also in educating and revolutionizing the young students.

The LSWY organizations vigorously conducted the Chollima workteam movement initiated by the Leader; they developed in depth the work with man, work with equipment and materials and work with books, which constitute the central tasks of the movement, and thus further expedited the revolutionization of the youth.

Moreover, an energetic struggle was unfolded to embody in the work of the LSWY the Chongsan-ri spirit and Chongsan-ri method and the traditional work method of the Youth League created by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung. As a result, the revolutionary work system was established and the revolutionary work method prevailed in all the LSWY organizations. All the LSWY organizations have come to conduct brisk activities and organize and enlist the Socialist Working Youth Leaguers and youth more energetically in the struggle for carrying through the Leader's teachings and the Party's policies, as the ranks of nuclear Leaguers have been solidly built up within the LSWY organizations and the role of nuclear Leaguers has been enhanced.

During the period under review the League of Socialist Working Youth and the entire young people were confronted with the worthwhile and honourable tasks to play the role of a shock brigade in the struggle for overfulfilling the Seven-Year Plan, the grand programme of socialist construction, and for carrying through our Party's line of socialist industrialization.

At the Fifth Congress of the Democratic Youth League, the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"As a shock brigade in socialist construction, the youth should always take the lead in performing arduous, difficult tasks and work with all their energy and talent in industry, agriculture and all other fields of the national economy." (Ibid., p. 109.)

Our sagacious and courageous youth who rose up whole-heartedly upholding the programmatic teaching of the Leader, formed shock brigades everywhere and went to work in coal and ore mines, lumber stations, fisheries, construction sites for power plants and in steel and iron industries and other domains where labour was arduous and difficult and devoted all their youthful energy and ardor to building a modern industry in our country and strengthening the independence of our industry, bravely overcoming the difficulties and obstacles in their way.

The youth in the rural areas, faithfully following the "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country" authored by the genius Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, pushed ahead dynamically with the technical, cultural and ideological revolutions and thus greatly contributed to turning our countryside into a bountiful, cultural socialist one equipped with modern techniques.

More, our youth infinitely loyal to the Leader, upholding whole-heartedly his teaching that youth who are sensitive to the new and strong in enterprising spirit should take the lead in carrying out the technical revolution, creditably played a vanguard role in the struggle to learn modern scientific and technical knowledge and acquire more than one technique, and to bring about collective technical innovations. Our youth took an active part also in the struggle to become the vanguards in the cultural revolution, raise their levels of general knowledge and culture and build a new socialist culture.

Indeed, our youth carried out with credit their lofty mission and honourable tasks as a vanguard detachment and a shock brigade, in the socialist construction and overfulfilled the Seven-Year Plan, with the result that our country, which had lagged far behind other nations, has turned into a mighty socialist industrial country and its defence power has become impregnable.

The tense situation created in our country during the period under review owing to the intensified war provocation manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism and its stooges required our youth to prepare themselves more fully for a war.

The great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"National defence is the most sacred and honourable duty of our youth....

"To counter the enemy's aggressive manoeuvres we should sharpen revolutionary vigilance further, maintain an unrelaxing and alert attitude and further strengthen the defence capacities of the country." (Ibid., p. 113.)

In accordance with the programmatic teaching of the Leader the LSWY energetically organized and mobilized the youth in the struggle to defend the socialist fatherland and thoroughly implement the self-defensive military line of the Party.

Consequently, the People's Army was reinforced, all young people including working youth were placed under arms, impregnable defences were built in all parts of the country and munitions industry was developed. This led to the establishment of an impregnable all-people defence system. Our young servicemen tempered into the one-beats-a-hundred revolutionary fighters, have come to defend the fatherland impregnably and foil at every step the enemy's schemes for triggering a war, and all youth, arms in hands, have got fully prepared to counter the new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. and Japanese aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

During the period under review the League of Socialist Working Youth made great achievements also in the struggle to support and encourage the people, youth and students in south Korea fighting against U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism and against the traitor Pak Jung Hi, their lackey, and for the victory of the south Korean revolution and national reunification, and to develop the international youth movement.

Indeed, all these great successes and victories gained by the League of Socialist Working Youth during the period under review owe entirely to the wise guidance and deep solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people and benevolent father of the entire youth.

And they are the fruition of the unbending fighting will and inexhaustible creative power of the entire Socialist Working Youth Leaguers and youth in our country who are immeasurably loyal to the Leader.

The current Congress will fully demonstrate to the whole world the intense loyalty and militant might of our youth who are rallied close around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people and founder and Leader of the LSWY, and it will confirm again the justness and great vitality of the original *Juche* line and revolutionary measures laid down by the Leader for the youth movement.

At the same time, the Congress will clearly set forth the militant tasks for the further development of the LSWY work and thus brightly light up the path ahead of the youth movement in our country.

Only resplendent victory and hopeful future are in store for the League of Socialist Working Youth which is forging ahead under his guidance, rallied rock-firm around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements and merciful father of the entire youth.

The Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea Opens

On the personal initiative of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, and under his deep care the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea opened at the Mansudae Assembly Hall in Pyongyang on June 21.

The Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea convened under the circumstances where the whole country is bubbling over with the fresh, great revolutionary upsurge to fulfil the tasks for the first two years of the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule by April 15 next year, upholding the grand programme put forward by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, is to sum up the fulfilment of the revolutionary tasks set forth by the Fifth Congress of the Democratic Youth League and discuss the militant tasks of the LSWY organizations for carrying through the decisions of the Fifth Congress of the WPK.

The people and the entire youth and students in our country and many friends of the five continents warmly hail the Sixth LSWY Congress with great interest and expectation, and sincerely wish it much success in its work.

Respectfully placed in fragrant flowers on the platform of the assembly hall with the red banner of the revolution, the banner of ever-victorious Marxism-Leninism, for a background was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution and merciful father of our Socialist Working Youth Leaguers and youth, who has steadfastly led our revolution and the youth movement in our country only along one road of victory and glory, personally pulling through all storm and stress with the destiny of the fatherland and the nation upon his shoulders for nearly half a century since he started revolutionary activities in his early years.

Also seen on the background of the platform was a model of Mt. Peakdu-san, the sacred mountain of the revolution symbolic of the glorious revolutionary traditions of our Party which were established by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in the flames of the heroic anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle.

The Congress was attended by 1,550 delegates elected by the LSWY conference of provinces (or cities under central authority) and 800 observers.

Also present at the Congress were functionaries of the Party and government organs and the working people's organizations, servicemen of the People's Army, functionaries in the fields of science, education, culture and art and men of the press.

The Congress was attended by the delegation of the revolutionary organizations of the south Korean youth which came to congratulate the Congress in the name of the young revolutionary fighters, youth and students in south Korea who are valiantly fighting against U.S. imperialism and its stooges, and the congratulatory group of the Korean youth and students in Japan representing the Korean youth and students in Japan who are staunchly struggling for the democratic, national rights and independent national reunification in the alien land.

Present at the Sixth LSWY Congress for its congratulation were 12 delegations of the youth leagues from the fraternal socialist countries, 22 delegations of the youth leagues and students' unions from the newly-independent countries in Asia, Africa and Latin America which are fighting against imperialism and colonialism and for consolidation of national independence and creation of a new life, 16 delegations of the struggle organizations from various countries of the world and 34 delegations and delegates of the progressive youth leagues and students' unions in capitalist countries that are struggling against exploitation and oppression by capital and for the vital rights and social emancipation.

Also present at the Congress were the delegation of the WFDY, the delegation of the IUS, well-known public and political figures and democratic personages from various regions of the world.

Attending the Congress for its congratulation were the delegations and delegates of the "groups for study of works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in many countries of the world which are deeply studying the glorious and brilliant history of revolutionary activities of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his great revolutionary ideas and revolutionary theories.

Present at the Congress were foreign diplomatic representatives and foreign correspondents in our country.

Over the past period, our youth have performed immortal exploits in the revolution and construction as the guards and death-defying corps of the Leader.

The great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"First of all, the League of Socialist Working Youth and the entire Korean youth should be immensely loyal to the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea. Our youth should closely rally around the Workers' Party, firmly arm themselves with its ideology and should struggle to carry through its lines and policies with all their energy and talent."

Today the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea has firmly been built up into a militant powerful organization in which the Party's unitary ideological system has thoroughly been established from its Central Committee down to its primary organizations, into a reliable militant reserve of the Workers' Party of Korea, the glorious Party of Comrade Kim Il Sung, and our LSWY members and youth, rallied close around the Leader, are vigorously advancing to hasten the nation-wide victory of our revolution and the victory of the cause of socialism and communism.

The platform was taken up by Comrades Pak Sung Chul, So Chol and Yang Hyong Sop and Comrades Kim Song Ae and Hwang Sun Hui, Department Directors Kim Guk Tae and Choi Yong Rim of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Foreign Minister Ho Dam, Minister Kim Byong Ha of Public Security, Minister Son Song Pil of Higher Education, Minister Kim Su Duk of General Education, Chairman Chon Chang Chol of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, Chairman Li Rim Su of the Central Committee of the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea, Chief Secretary Kang Song San of the Pyongyang City Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Vice-Director Kim Yong Nam of a Department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Lieutenant General Li Yong Mu of the Korean People's Army.

The Congress invited to its platform head of the delegation of the revolutionary organizations of the south Korean youth and Comrade Kim Dong Pyo, head of the congratulatory group of the Korean youth and students in Japan.

Also invited to the platform were head of the delegation of the World Federation of Democratic Youth, head of the delegation of the International Union of Students and heads of delegations and delegates of youth and students' organizations and struggle organizations and "groups for study of works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in various countries of the world.

At the Congress, Chairman Kim Si Hak of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea made an opening address.

He, reflecting the unanimous feeling of loyalty of the entire LSWY members, extended the highest honour and warmest gratitude to the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who has led the Korean youth movement along one road of brilliant victory and glory and enabled our youth to enjoy the happiness of today and have a brighter future.

(Continued on Page 2)

The meeting place of the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea

(Continued from Page 1)

The current Congress, he stressed, will demonstrate the brilliant victory of the great *Juche* idea in the Korean youth movement and the firm unity and cohesion of the ranks of the youth based on the system of the *Juche* idea and will become a historic congress further developing the Korean youth movement.

When the opening address was over, the Patriotic Song was solemnly played.

Then the Congress elected 77 comrades to its presidium.

On June 21 Kim Jong Suk, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the LSWY, was in the chair of the Congress.

At the Congress a congratulatory message of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea to the Sixth Congress of the LSWY was read out amidst the enthusiastic applause of the attendants by Comrade Yang Hyong Sop, Alternate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Central Committee of the WPK.

The congratulatory message of the Party Central Committee highly appraised the immortal exploits performed by the members of the LSWY and youths in the struggle for making their bones and flesh of and thoroughly implementing, the programmatic teaching given by the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Fifth Congress of the Democratic Youth League and set forth the militant tasks to be carried out by the organizations and members of the LSWY in their struggle for executing the decisions of the Fifth Party Congress. Boundlessly encouraged by this congratulatory message, the entire attendants of the Congress renewed their determination to reciprocate the Leader's profound trust and great expectation with loyalty by carrying out with credit the honourable militant tasks set out in the congratulatory message.

The Congress elected its 7-member Secretariat and 11-member Editorial Committee.

It also elected its 11-member Credentials Committee.

Follows the agenda of the Congress:

1. **Review of the Work of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea;**
2. **Review of the Work of the Central Auditing Commission of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea;**
3. **Elections of the Central Leading Organs of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea.**

The Congress heard the report of Chairman Kim Si Hak of the Central Committee of the LSWY on the first item in the agenda.

When the report was concluded a clarion call sounded and a congratulatory group of the Korean Young Pioneers came in amid the prolonged, thunderous applause rocking the assembly hall and warmly congratulated the Sixth Congress of the LSWY.

The Congress continues.

Report on the Work of the Central Committee to the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea

by

Comrade Kim Si Hak, **Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea**

[Gist]

At the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea held at the Mansudae Assembly Hall on June 21 Chairman Kim Si Hak of the Central Committee of the LSWY delivered a report on the work of the Central Committee.

The report consists of four parts:

1. The Brilliant Victory of the Great *Juche* Idea in the Korean Youth Movement;
2. The Tasks of the League of Socialist Working Youth for the Implementation of the Decisions of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea;
3. Let Us North and South Korean Youth *Firmly Unite and Fight* for the Triumph of the South Korean Revolution and the Independent Reunification of the Fatherland;
4. Let Us Closely Unite with the Progressive Youth and Students of the World under the Uplifted Revolutionary Banner of Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle.

In the introduction of his report, Chairman Kim Si Hak said that the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea held last year was a political event of great historical significance in the development of our Party and our revolution and in the life of our people and youth, and declared that the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth was convened to discuss the militant tasks of the Youth League in carrying out the decisions of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea. He noted that this Congress will bring a new turn in the struggle for rallying all the youth firmly around the Leader, fortifying the militancy of the League of Socialist Working Youth in every way and enhancing higher the role of the youth in the revolution and construction and will develop the Korean youth movement onto a higher plane, by embodying more thoroughly the great revolutionary idea, the *Juche* idea, of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in the work of the LSWY.

In the first part of the report "The Brilliant Victory of the Great *Juche* Idea in the Korean Youth Movement," the reporter said that the past seven years since the Fifth Congress of the Democratic Youth League which renamed the Democratic Youth League the League of Socialist Working Youth and marked a new stage of development in the Korean youth movement was a really proud period in which Marxist-Leninist idea, the great *Juche* idea, of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung won an all-round victory in our revolution and construction, and stated that under the wise leadership of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, brilliant victories and successes have also been registered during the period under review in the work of the LSWY, a loyal reserve of the Workers' Party. He continued:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius Leader of the revolution, renamed the Democratic Youth League the League of Socialist Working Youth at the Fifth Congress of the former and elucidated the programmatic tasks for the Youth League to carry out at a new stage of development of our revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, taught as follows:

"We must develop the League of Socialist Working Youth into a more powerful militant organization of the Korean youth fighting for socialism and communism as a reliable reserve of the Workers' Party. Youth League organizations at all levels should be solidly built up, organizational life in the League steadily strengthened, and political and ideological work vigorously carried on without interruption among the entire youth. In this way the role of the Youth League and the youth should be further enhanced in all political, economic and cultural spheres."

Faithfully following the programmatic teaching of the Leader, the League of Socialist Working Youth worked energetically to establish thoroughly the unitary ideological system of the Party among the youth and revolutionize and working-classize them, and organized and roused the youth dynamically to the struggle for carrying through the Party's revolutionary line of stepping up economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel.

The LSWY has been solidly built

up as a guard detachment and death-defying corps, which is true to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius Leader, and is closely united on the basis of his great revolutionary ideas and as an invincible militant rank of young revolutionary fighters struggling resolutely for socialism and communism. Under the wise leadership of the Leader, the youth fulfilled the role of a shock brigade creditably in the great struggle for converting our country into a powerful socialist industrial state.

The reporter pointed out that the most brilliant success attained in the work of the LSWY during the period under review is that the unitary ideological system of the Party has been thoroughly established within the League and the unity and cohesion of the youth ranks have been fully realized on the basis of the great *Juche* idea of the Leader.

He referred to the fact that the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung propounded an original idea that the question of establishing the unitary ideological system of the Party constitutes not only a fundamental problem affecting the fate of the revolution and construction, but a basic principle in the building of the Youth League.

Saying that during the period under review the LSWY has directed its main efforts to the work of establishing the unitary ideological system of the Party, the reporter stated:

In order to establish thoroughly the unitary ideological system of the Party the LSWY has first of all conducted intense ideological education to arm all its members with the great revolutionary idea, the *Juche* idea, of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and waged a tireless struggle to establish within the League a revolutionary trait of firmly defending and implementing the teachings of the Leader and the policies of the Party.

Along with this, we have stepped up the education on the revolutionary traditions to make all the Leaguers and young people fully acquire the great revolutionary ideas, sagacity of the leadership and high virtues of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, by making a deep study of his revolutionary family and the brilliant history of his revolutionary struggle covering nearly half a century, the reporter said.

Saying that the struggle to establish the unitary ideological system of the Party within the LSWY was accompanied by a serious ideological battle to overcome and liquidate all hues of the anti-Party and reactionary ideas that are alien to the unitary ideology of the Party, the reporter stated that the main ideological struggle waged to firmly establish the unitary ideological system of the Party within the Youth League was a struggle to oppose bourgeois and feudalistic Confucian ideas and prevent thoroughly the infiltration of revisionist ideas, and to oppose flunkeyism and dogmatism among the youth and thoroughly establish *Juche* in all activities of the Youth League and in the life of the youth.

He stressed that today the LSWY has firmly set up the unitary ideological system of the Party throughout the League, from the Central Committee down to the primary organizations, and the whole League has been strengthened and developed into a militant detachment which is guided solely by Marxism-Leninism and the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and advances steadily along the one road of the revolution indicated by the Leader.

The reporter pointed out that the realization of the unbreakable unity of the youth ranks based on the unitary ideological system of the Party is a great victory of historic significance in the development of the Korean communist youth movement.

He declared that today the LSWY can proudly report to the Congress that the LSWY, a militant reserve of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Party of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, has been solidly built up into a combat force which will remain loyal to the Party and the Leader forever.

He dwelt upon the achievements the LSWY has made during the period under review by untiringly striving to revolutionize and working-classize young people and bring them up into real Communists, into staunch revolutionaries.

The reporter noted that in revolutionizing young people the LSWY, first of all, paid profound attention to the revolutionization of the working youth, the main forces of the League, with the result that the revolutionary consciousness of our working youth has grown incomparably and their spiritual and moral features have changed conspicuously.

He stated that one of the most important achievements in youth education is that we have properly solved the question of student education.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, taught that the LSWY should direct more than half of its efforts to work with the students and instructed that the chief aim of student education is to thoroughly revolutionize, working-classize all the pupils and students and make them Communists during their school years by educating them politically, ideologically and revolutionarily and thus bring them up as active political workers capable of rendering faithful services to the Korean revolution, the reporter noted.

Unswervingly following this policy of the Leader, the LSWY smashed in good time all sorts of wrong tendencies to weaken the ideological education of students and sharpened the edge of ideological education, he said and dwelt upon the measures the LSWY organizations have taken to this end.

He said that during the period under review, in accordance with the Party's correct policy those young people who had been tempered at production sites and ex-servicemen have been enrolled in colleges and higher technical schools so as to decisively augment their proportion in the make-up of the students, which was of particular importance in increasing the revolutionary influence of the working class in schools and in accelerating the revolutionization of the entire student youths, and stressed that our student youths are being brought up reliably into the Party's Red intellectuals with a high level of ideological preparedness and a wealth of scientific knowledge.

He said that the LSWY organizations have also gained many successes in the work of educating and remoulding young people of the stratum with complex family backgrounds.

He said:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, on the basis of an analysis of the peculiarity of the historical development of our country and the class status of the youth, put forward the correct policy of educating and remoulding young people of the stratum with complex family backgrounds and rallying them all as well as those coming from the basic classes including workers and peasants for our revolution. This is the most correct and original policy which makes it possible to strengthen the unity and cohesion of the youth ranks of our country and lead all youth in our country to communist society.

He detailed the fact that the Chollima workteam movement has become a powerful driving force in accelerating the revolutionization and working-classization of young people.

The LSWY organizations have intensified the work of ideological education, expanded and developed the Chollima workteam movement among the youth and waged an active struggle to revolutionize and working-classize them, with the result that today the work and life of our youth are filled with the high revolutionary consciousness of their being Red soldiers of the Workers' Party of Korea who were born in the era of the great revolution and are advancing, brilliantly inheriting the *Juche* idea of the Leader, and with a communist mode of life, the reporter stressed.

Another major achievement made during the period under review, the reporter said, is that the communist core ranks of the youth have been firmly built up within the League, the work system and method of the League have been improved by striving to embody the Chongsan-ri spirit and Chongsan-ri method and the traditional method of work with youth created by the Leader and the militancy of its organizations has been further enhanced.

Quoting the teaching of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader: **"As a shock brigade in socialist construction, the youth should always take the lead in performing arduous, difficult tasks and work with all their energy and talent in industry, agriculture and all other fields of the national economy. The entire youth should render new and more distinguished labour service in socialist construction by devoting themselves to the gigantic labour struggle, displaying to a high degree the communist spirit of industry,"** the reporter said that during the period under review, the LSWY and young people played the role of a vanguard and the shock detachment in the struggle for carrying out the Seven-Year Plan. He stated:

During the period under review all the young people of our country turned out on the two fronts of economic construction and defence upbuilding and unfolded an indomitable struggle to establish a socialist industrial state and strengthen the nation's defence potential, carrying a sickle and hammer in one hand and firmly gripping a gun in the other.

The LSWY attached a primary significance to enhancing the role of the youth in the carrying out of the technical revolution, and unfolded an energetic struggle among the youth for intensified collective technical innovation movements and for learning modern science and technical knowledge and mastering more than a kind of technique in order to implement the line of socialist industrialization.

In the period under review alone, our youths advanced over 400,000 various suggestions as to technical innovation and introduced them into production, thereby making a great contribution to technical progress. Our daring and resourceful young workers and technicians produced a 6,000-ton press, large-size vessels of 5,000-ton class, heavy-duty lorries, electric locomotives and other large-size machines which lend to demonstrate the might of the powerful machine industry built in our country. And the electrification of the 850 kilometre-long railway sections was completed also by the strength of our young socialist builders.

Saying that the League of Socialist Working Youth launched a great number of youth in the hardest and most difficult fields of socialist construction and saw to it that they enhanced their role in every way in these fields, he stated that in the Seven-Year Plan period alone over 1,500,000 youths volunteered vyingly to come to mines, coal mines, forests, fishery, construction sites of power bases, and to the fields of steel and iron industries and devoted their youthful strength and ardor without reserve.

Our youth turned out as one man in the Chollima movement and created new innovations and miracles day after day displaying collective heroism in all fields of the national economy and rushed forward like a hurricane, increasing the production two-fold, three-fold, even ten-fold, each doing the work of two or three men, while smashing to pieces the revisionist sophistry that with the expansion of the scale of economy the rate of its growth decreases, the reporter said.

Referring to the fact that the League of Socialist Working Youth unfolded a youth shock brigade movement actively in every realm of the national economy to enhance the role of the youth still further in economic construction and defence upbuilding, the reporter said:

The youth shock brigade movement which Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, initiated when he personally broke ground for the Potong-gang river improvement project immediately after liberation and which has become a form of traditional collective labour struggle of our youth, has been further expanded and developed during the period under review with collective innovation in production and the work of revolutionizing the youth being closely combined. During the period under review, the national youth shock brigade for the construction of the capital, the youth shock brigade for the building of power stations, the youth shock brigade for the construction of electric railway lines, the youth shock brigade for the construction of silk island, the youth shock brigade for irrigation construction and more than 70,000 other youth shock brigades comprising over 2,600,000 young people were organized and active in the Centre, provinces, cities, counties, factories, enterprises, rural villages and all other domains of the national economy and they displayed a really great strength in building major objects of vital importance in the Seven-Year Plan and bringing the production of the country as a whole to upsurge.

The reporter spoke of the great success scored by the LSWY in elevating the levels of general knowledge, technique and culture and creating a new socialist culture among the youth by putting up a vigorous struggle in this field.

He pointed to the fact that our young people devoted all their wisdom and talents to the work of successfully executing compulsory nine-year technical education whose introduction is a historic event in raising the levels of general knowledge, technique and culture of the youth and that the demand of the Party that all the youth acquire more than one kind of technique has been met excellently, and said that in the period under review over 290,000 engineers, assistant engineers and specialists have been trained from among the young people and tens of thousands of young people have obtained qualifications for an engineer, assistant engineer and specialist by studying without leaving their production sites.

Referring to the fact that in the period under review LSWY organizations, upholding the literary and art policy of the Party, actively carried on mass cultural and art activities among the young people, the reporter pointed especially to the fact that the LSWY organizations took an active part in the movement against capitalist literature and art, the American way of life, and feudalistic literature and art and for creating socialist literature and art which are socialist in content and national in form, thoroughly preventing the reactionary bourgeois culture and revisionist trends of culture from infiltrating into the youth.

The reporter noted that the tense situation created in our country during the period under review by the intensified war provocation machinations of U.S. imperialism and its lackeys called for getting all the youth more firmly prepared against war, and said that the LSWY powerfully organized and mobilized our youth to the struggle for defending the socialist system and executing the self-defensive military line of our Party, upholding the programmatic teachings of the great Leader that the youth should take the lead in the defence of the fatherland.

The Red Flag company movement, which Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding military strategist and genius Leader of the revolution, started in person in the People's Army by developing in depth the Chollima movement, has become a powerful driving force in educating young armymen politico-ideologically and rousing them actively to carrying through the military line of the Party, the reporter said and stressed that with the Red Flag company movement being developed in depth in the Army, all the young armymen have trustworthily grown up into one-beats-a-hundred revolutionary soldiers who have armed themselves firmly with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and have fully acquired modern military science and techniques.

The invincible might of the heroic People's Army and the excellent ideological condition of the young armymen, the reporter said, have been clearly proved on many occasions in recent years—the capture of the U.S. imperialists' armed spy ship "Pueblo," the shooting down of the U.S. imperialist aggression army's large-size spy plane "EC-121" and the timely smashing of the enemy's armed provocations.

Saying that one of the most important successes made by the LSWY in the struggle for the implementation of the Party's military line is that the entire youth have been placed under arms, he noted:

Our entire young workers, peasants and students are endeavouring actively to implement the Party's military line, learning military affairs in the militia organizations including the Worker-Peasant Red Guards. They are fully prepared to fight the enemy in case of emergency.

Particularly, the organization of the Red Young Guards with the students on the original suggestion of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, during the period under review, was an epoch-making step in firmly preparing the new generation for defence of the fatherland and in strengthening the defence potential of the country.

Today, in our country not only the men of the People's Army but young workers and peasants and all the young men and girls including student youth can shoot a gun and all of them have guns.

Young people played a great role also in the struggle for building impregnable defence establishments in all parts of the country and developing munitions industry together with the working people.

We can say with confidence that we are fully able to beat down any aggressors as we enjoy the wise leadership of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and gifted military strategist, and there is the steel-strong People's Army, the entire people and millions of youths are armed with guns and the whole country is an impregnable fortress.

The reporter stressed that all these results and achievements scored in the work of the LSWY during the period under review are entirely attributable to the wise leadership and paternal solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, who is the founder of the LSWY and the outstanding Leader of the Korean youth movement.

Referring to the fact that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of the revolution, personally formed revolutionary youth and children's organizations already in the early period of his revolutionary activities, established the brilliant revolutionary tradition of the Korean youth movement and grew its roots deeper and stronger in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and that he founded the Democratic Youth League right after liberation and later renamed the Democratic Youth League the League of Socialist Working Youth to suit the new stage of the development of our revolution and led the Korean youth movement steadfastly along the one road of victory and glory, the reporter emphasized:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius Leader of the revolution, who had founded the original idea and theory on the youth movement, on the youth problem, by embodying his great *Juche* idea in work with the youth, made public a great number of immortal classical works on work with the youth and children only during the period from the Fifth Congress of the Democratic Youth League up to now, in which he advanced new and original lines and policies on the youth movement under socialism. In his brilliant works the Leader gave an overall and most correct exposition of all the pro-

(Continued on Page 3)

Report on the Work of the Central Committee to the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea

(Continued from Page 2)

blems of principle arising in the work of the Youth League and in the youth education at the present time, such as the problems on carrying forward the revolutionary cause of the Party generation after generation by thoroughly establishing the unitary ideological system of the Party in the Youth League, on enhancing the role of the Youth League as a socio-political organization next to the Party in importance in the system of the proletarian dictatorship, on conducting the work of political and ideological education as the central task of the Youth League, on nurturing the young communist core elements in the Youth League, on directing more than half of the efforts of the Youth League to work with students and rearing school youths and children into active political workers, on inducing young people to lead the van in difficult and arduous realms in the revolution and construction to play the role of a vanguard and shock brigade, and he personally led us functionaries working among the youth, giving his ceaseless paternal guidance for the strengthening and development of the LSWY.

This is why we Korean youth proudly declare that the history of the LSWY is the very history of the wise leadership and warm love of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, for the work of the LSWY and for us young generation.

The reporter, reflecting the unanimous feeling of loyalty of the entire LSWY members and youth of our country, extended the greatest honour and warmest gratitude to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, who built up the glorious revolutionary tradition of the Korean youth movement, founded the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea and has led it along one road of victory and glory.

Starting the second part of his report headed "Tasks of the League of Socialist Working Youth for the Implementation of the Decisions of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea," Chairman Kim Si Hak quoted the following teaching of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader:

"... it is very important to strengthen the work of the League of Socialist Working Youth. The LSWY, as a militant organization of the youth who is heir to our revolution, is a reliable reserve and active assistant of our Party. The future of the fatherland and the prospects of the revolution depend, after all, on how the youth is brought up. Consequently, to heighten the role of the LSWY is an important matter that concerns the future destinies of the country and the nation."

Upholding the programmatic teaching of the Leader, the LSWY should make an active contribution to the materialization of the magnificent programme for the building of socialism and communism advanced by the Fifth Congress of our Party, he stressed.

Referring first to the need to establish the unitary ideological system of the Party more thoroughly in the whole League, he said that it is a fundamental principle of building a revolutionary youth league and a basic guarantee for heightening its militancy to establish the unitary ideological system of the Party thoroughly in the Youth League and, on this basis, secure a firm unity and cohesion of the youth ranks.

He quoted the teaching of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as saying: **"The youth of Korea should always be faithful to the leadership of the Workers' Party, no matter where and under what circumstances they may be working. Fidelity to the Party must be basic to the activities of the youth organizations and all the young people of our country... The League of Socialist Working Youth should more thoroughly establish the Party's ideological system in all of its organizations, from the Central Committee to the primary organizations, and among all the young people and unite them more closely around the Party."** And he emphasized that the League must keep a firm hold on the work of establishing the Party's unitary ideological system in it as a general task and further develop the work in depth.

He expatiated on the task for thoroughly arming the youth with the Party's unitary ideology, and said:

To defend and guard our great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung politically and ideologically with our lives is the greatest task and the primary mission of our youth, his guard detachment and death-defying corps. LSWY organizations must educate all the Leaguers and young people to boundlessly respect and revere Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, and defend the Leader with their body and soul and fight on for his sake sacrificing all their youth and lives.

Further, he said that all the LSWY workers and young people must fully display the revolutionary spirit of laying down their lives without hesitation for the implementation of the Leader's instructions and Party's policies.

The LSWY must be converted into a militant reserve of the Workers' Party of Korea, equipped to the backbone with the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, into the Youth League of Comrade Kim Il Sung which will creditably uphold his great revolutionary cause forever from generation to generation, he stressed.

He dwelt on the need to intensify the political and ideological education of young people and revolutionize and working-classize them, and went on, saying:

Historical experience shows that if we do not educate young people revolutionarily on the pretext that the socialist system has been established and the living standard is improving, the influence of bourgeois ideas will increase among them, their revolutionary consciousness be paralysed, and they become disinclined for the revolution and grow indolent and dissolute, which, in the end, will lead to the situation that not only they fail to take over the revolutionary cause but the gains of the revolution already won are endangered.

In order to revolutionize and working-classize young people communist education must be intensified among them, he said, and stressed:

We must intensify class education among them and, particularly, give them a clear understanding of the aggressive nature of U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, the sworn enemies of our people and the main targets in their struggle, and firmly prepare them ideologically so that they may fight resolutely to force the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of south Korea, frustrate the re-aggression machination of Japanese militarism, and accomplish the cause of national reunification.

We must more vigorously conduct communist education among the youth in close combination with education in the Party's policies and education in the revolutionary traditions, strictly guard against the infiltration into our ranks of the revisionist ideology which makes people abhor revolution and fear war, and make the revolutionary tone of work and revolutionary traits of life all the more thorough in the LSWY and among all the young people, he said.

Referring to the need to strengthen a revolutionary organizational life among young people, he stressed particularly that ideological struggles must be carried on by means of criticism and young people be trained, educated and remoulded revolutionarily through ideological struggles.

Further, he touched upon the revolutionization and working-classization of the student youth, and continued to say:

We must, above all, do well work with the LSWY members in the middle schools who have just begun the life in the League and vigorously push ahead with the work of revolutionizing student youth of the colleges and higher technical schools. Disabled intellectuals removed from politics and only acquainted with knowledge and technique are of no use, however many of them we may bring up, he added.

Then, he highlighted his speech with saying: "Let us youth become the vanguard of the technical revolution and bear the brunt of arduous and difficult work in socialist construction."

The new Six-Year Plan set forth by our respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is a great programme of struggle for bringing earlier the complete victory of socialism in the northern half of the Republic and the nation-wide victory of our revolution, and it is a historic declaration of the cause of freeing our people finally from arduous labour and completely wiping out the legacy of the old society even from the material and technical realms, he remarked, and emphasized:

LSWY organizations must actively organize and mobilize all their members and the youth to the struggle for implementing the militant programme of the Six-Year Plan put forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius Leader of the revolution.

LSWY members and young people must, first of all, become vanguards in the fulfilment of the three major tasks of the technical revolution, he mentioned.

The struggle for the successful carrying out of the three major tasks of the technical revolution should commence with a mass movement of the youth to acquire more modern science and technique, he said, and went on, referring to concrete tasks for it: All the youth of our country must reach the level of engineer, assistant engineer and specialist as early as possible.

Saying that having set the combat target to increase the production of machine tools several times in one year after mechanizing and automating the production processes and boldly applying advanced methods of work, the heroic workers and youths in Huichon, unflinchingly loyal to the Leader, are gaining prodigious successes every day, he earnestly urged LSWY members and young people in all branches of the national economy to follow the examples set by the workers in Huichon, make a new leap forward in production and construction and to conduct the collective technical innovation movement more powerfully.

In order to creditably carry out the great plan—the three major tasks of the technical revolution—mapped out by our respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, all the LSWY members and young people must give full play to their revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and particularly, struggle relentlessly against all the obsolete and unsound ideas including conservatism, passivity, mystery about technique and their manifestations standing in the way of technical progress, he pointed out.

He called on young people to lead the van in the most difficult, key branches and undertake, first of all, the construction of a large-sized youth power station, large base of oil chemical industry, water services in the countryside and new railways and the projects of railway electrification.

The youth shock brigade movement must be more actively conducted to undo successfully knots of vital importance in the national economy and the youth shock brigade be made to accomplish feats of labour especially in the construction of major objects, the magnificent nature-remaking projects including tideland reclamation and in urban and rural construction, which are envisaged in the Six-Year Plan, he said.

All the LSWY members and young people must fulfil the plan for this year before the 23rd anniversary of the founding of the Republic, September 9, fulfil without fail the first two years' quota of the Six-Year Plan by April 15 next year and carry through the Six-Year Plan in all indices two and a half years ahead of schedule, thereby demonstrating to the world once again the revolutionary zeal and militant spirit of the heroic Korean youth, he stressed.

Further, he dwelt on the tasks for further enhancing the role of the youth in carrying on the cultural revolution.

Saying with accent that struggle must be relentlessly waged, first of all, against the cultural infiltration by imperialism, he mentioned:

LSWY organizations must wage a powerful struggle against reactionary capitalist culture and reactionary bourgeois ideology among the young people and bring them up as resolute front-line soldiers fighting against imperialist cultural infiltration, as staunch revolutionaries immune from any virus of imperialist culture and corruption, and as genuine defenders of socialist culture.

He also emphasized that the youth must strictly guard against the tendencies of restorationism.

The League-wide efforts must be concentrated on the consolidation of the successes gained in the introduction of compulsory nine-year technical education, which constitutes the most important task in the domain of building socialist national culture, and on the improvement of its quality, he said and went on:

The revolutionary tone of studying must be established among the youth and their general cultural and technical standards be further elevated in the Six-Year Plan period, young people be actively mobilized to the development of the scientific research work of the country, brisk literary and art activities be conducted among them and they must develop our language and, as men of new type in new society, become advanced fighters in establishing a new, socialist culture of life and a new, socialist way of life. And he advanced the concrete tasks for actively developing physical culture and sports among the youth and firmly preparing them for labour and national defence.

Then the reporter dwelt on the task of training young people as guards and death-defying corps in national defence.

After pointing to the fact that the aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys against the northern half of the Republic are becoming more and more pronounced with each passing day, he stressed that the prevailing situation makes it incumbent upon our people and youth to strengthen the defence power of the country still further and keep themselves in full combat readiness to counter any surprise attack of the enemy.

After quoting the teaching of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung **"To cope with the prevailing situation we must speed up socialist construction to the utmost and further strengthen our national defence power in parallel,"** he said:

All the LSWY members and young people should continue to hold fast to the policy of converting the whole army into a cadre army, modernizing the whole army, arming the entire people and turning the whole country into a fortress, the policy advanced by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and carry it through so as to further strengthen the defence power of the country as invincibly as an iron-wall, he noted.

Referring to the task of the young men in the People's Army in charge of the first line of national defence, he stated that the LSWY organizations in the People's Army must further intensify revolutionary education and organizational life among the young armymen to rear all of them to be ardent revolutionaries and Communists infinitely loyal to the Leader and train them into one-beats-a-hundred fighters fully capable of winning victory in the fight against any enemy.

In particular, he emphasized that the LSWY members and young people enlisted in the Worker-Peasant Red Guards and the Red Young Guards as revolutionary militia force undertaking an important role in strengthening the all-people defence system must prepare themselves firmly by conducting combat and political training qualitatively, so that they can valiantly rise as one in the sacred fight for repulsing the aggressors and defending the fatherland in case of emergency.

In the next place, the reporter spoke of the need of further strengthening the work of the Young Pioneers' Corps.

During the period under review, the League of Socialist Working Youth has actively striven to strengthen and develop the work of the Young Pioneers' Corps to meet the requirement of our revolution which entered a new stage of development and embody in an all-round way the brilliant traditions of the Saenal Juvenile Union and the Children's Corps, he said, and went on:

The League of Socialist Working Youth vigorously conducted the work of arming the Young Pioneers with the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader, especially the movement for learning from the boyhood of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader. As a result, our Young Pioneers are reliably growing up into juvenile guards and death-defying corps of the Leader that infinitely revere and respect him, learn from his revolutionary ideas and fight with all devotion only for him and are being prepared more creditably as a reserve of the builders of socialism and communism equipped with knowledge, virtues and sound body.

He said with emphasis that he proudly reports to the Congress that we have the more than 2,000,000 members of the Young Pioneers' Corps, a fine and reliable reserve of the builders of communism who will brilliantly carry forward the revolutionary cause of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader.

Pointing out that the most important task confronting the League of Socialist Working Youth in further strengthening and developing the work of the Young Pioneers' Corps is to thoroughly carry out the programmatic tasks set forth in the congratulatory message Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, sent to the entire Young Pioneers on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the founding of the Korean Young Pioneers' Corps, he stated:

By carrying through to the end the 10-point task newly set by the Leader before the Young Pioneers, we must repay the Leader without fail for his deep trust and solicitude.

After quoting the teaching of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung **"What is most important in work with student youths and school children is to educate and train them politico-ideologically and revolutionarily,"** the reporter said that politico-ideological education and revolutionary education should be carried on energetically among the Young Pioneers to bring them up in such a way that they may first of all remain boundlessly faithful to the Leader, hate the enemy of the revolution implacably, fight against it courageously, love our socialist system passionately and think about our country and our revolution at all times.

We must educate the Young Pioneers so that they may not forget even for a moment the south Korean people and boys and girls but support and encourage their struggle with all their efforts and strengthen the internationalist friendship and solidarity with the boys and girls of various countries of the world, he said.

Saying that LSWY organizations must pay a deep attention to strengthening the organizational life of the Young Pioneers' Corps as well as ideological education among the Young Pioneers, he referred to the concrete ways for it. He said:

We must see to it that the Young Pioneers should love and treasure their organizations, take part earnestly in the organizational life and always live organizationally and collectively from their early years. Particularly, we must rear them in such a way that they may feel and know by experience that they can not live apart from the organizational life and that political life is more precious than physical one and that they may believe in the collective, rely on it in their life and be faithful to the social task and do a great deal of work beneficial and useful for the interests of the collective, the state and society at all times.

Referring to the necessity of further stepping up socio-political activity and to the work for guiding the Young Pioneers' Corps, he emphasized that work with the Young Pioneers is the work of the whole society, as it is the work of training the successors to our revolutionary cause and stated:

LSWY organizations must see to it that a society-wide concern should be directed to the education of the Young Pioneers through the strengthened ties between the educational organs and the social and cultural organs under the guidance of the Party organizations and that the LSWY organizations, schools, homes and extra-curricular educational establishments conduct the education of children in a responsible manner by their concerted action.

In the last of the second part of the report, the reporter pointed to the task of tightening the LSWY life and making the LSWY organization a vigorous, militant one.

The reporter quoted the following teaching of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung:

"Today, the important task set before the LSWY is to move this large organization properly.

"...If you do your work well and make the LSWY organization a revolutionary and militant living one and properly rouse all of its members to action, you may remove even a high mountain and carry out whatever difficult task."

Then the reporter said:

For proper guidance of the LSWY life and vigorous activity of the LSWY organization worthy of a youth organization, it is necessary to build up, above all, its cadre ranks with young people and help them to acquire adequately the qualities and traits of the workers engaged in work with young people.

He dwelt on the need of firmly building up young communist core elements in the LSWY and strengthening work with them and said that the LSWY organizations must do well work with the Leaguers, with main stress on guiding their organizational life well and organize their work in a diversified manner, in compliance with their demand, traits and mentality.

Then he said that the LSWY organizations must train young people into Communists prepared thoroughly politically and ideologically and developed in an all-round way in the period of the LSWY life and help them to obtain qualification for membership of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea through the LSWY life.

He laid stress on the need of building up solidly the primary organizations, the basic organizations of the League, and enhancing their independent role and establishing the revolutionary work system and improving the method of work constantly in the LSWY organizations.

In this way, we should further strengthen and develop the League of Socialist Working Youth into a revolutionary organization, fighting organization and a vigorous living militant organization which executes thoroughly the teachings of the Leader and the Party's policies, contributes actively to the revolutionary struggle and constructive work and gets all of the young people on the active move for the revolution, he emphasized.

In the third part of the report, Chairman Kim Si Hak emphatically said: "Let Us North and South Korean Youth Firmly Unite and Fight for the Triumph of the South Korean Revolution and the Independent Reunification of the Fatherland."

In his report, he first pointed out that today the south Korean people, youth and students, upholding the great *Juche* idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and the brilliant strategic and tactical line on the south Korean revolution laid down by him and inspired by the shining victory won by the people and youth of the northern half of the Republic in socialist construction, are putting up a heroic struggle against U.S. imperialism and its stooges, for the victory of the south Korean revolution and the country's reunification.

After referring to the anti-U.S., anti-Japanese, anti-puppet struggle the south Korean youth and students have been waging ever since last April, he extended, on behalf of the Congress and the entire youth and students of the northern half of the Republic, militant support and encouragement to the young revolutionary fighters and all the patriotic youth and students of south Korea.

Noting that the south Korean youth and students have a brilliant tradition of fighting gallantly against the foreign imperialist aggressors and the traitors to the nation, he said that the patriotic and progressive struggle of the south Korean youth and students and their brilliant achievements will go down forever in the glorious revolutionary history of our country.

After quoting the teaching of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, that **"An important task before the south Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people at the present stage is to positively develop the mass struggle for realizing the democratization of society against the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism and the fascist suppression by its henchmen,"** he stated that under the condition that the fascist tyranny reigns as in south Korea today, there can not be any social progress, nor can the bright future of the youth be expected. He went on to say:

South Korean youth and students should wage a resolute struggle against the fascist suppression and against the militarization and commercialization of school and for the freedoms of speech, the press, religious faith, assembly, association, demonstration and strike and for the freedom of activities of all the political parties and social organizations. Closely rallied under the banner of anti-fascism and democratization, south Korean youth and students should vigorously unfold a common struggle with the broad patriotic forces and thus thoroughly smash the fascist repression and despotism of U.S. imperialism and the puppet Pak Jung Hi clique and check and frustrate their machinations to unleash a new war.

South Korean youth and students must wage their immediate struggle for the political freedom and democratic rights in combination with the struggle for eliminating the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism and for winning power and must fight actively to achieve the country's reunification.

Stressing that the reinvasion scheme of the Japanese militarist aggressors should be shattered, he said:

South Korean youth and students should wage a more resolute struggle to abrogate the criminal "South Korea-Japan agreements" and to smash the reinvasion scheme of the Japanese militarist forces. They should fully lay bare the reinvasion scheme of the Japanese militarists, wage a mass struggle against their capital investment and for boycotting Japanese goods and should oppose and reject Japanese fashions and Japanese way of life in all fields and decisively break the enemy's tentacles of reinvasion.

South Korean youth and students must, to begin with, make their struggle more purposeful and conscious while closely linking it with the political struggle of the workers and peasants, he said.

After noting that the south Korean youth and students must firmly build up their ranks organizationally and ideologically, he stated that what is most important here is to raise the class and national consciousness of youth and students and to strengthen their ideological education for revolutionization and continued: South Korean youth organizations and patriotic youth and students should arm themselves firmly with the immortal revolutionary idea, the great *Juche* idea, of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and with his outstanding strategic and tactical line on the south Korean revolution and inculcate them on the broad youth and students of south Korea, train these youth and students in the practical struggle and bring them up into revolutionaries.

The revolutionary youth organizations of south Korea must closely rally all the patriotic youths opposing the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in the anti-U.S., national-salvation united front under the banner of anti-imperialism, anti-fascism and democratization, he said.

Then he emphasized that the youth in the northern half of the Republic should do their best to give support and encouragement to the struggle of the south Korean people and youth and students.

In the name of the Congress, the reporter warmly congratulated the League of the Korean Youth in Japan and the Union of the Korean Students in Japan on their success in work and evinced the firm conviction that the League of the Korean Youth in Japan will further consolidate and develop the unity and cohesion of the ranks based on the ideological system of *Juche* of the Leader, rally closely around the Leader the entire Korean youths and students in Japan and carry out successfully the mission assigned to it, taking the van in the struggle for defending democratic, national rights and realizing the independent reunification of the fatherland.

Starting the last part of his report Chairman Kim Si Hak quoted the following teaching of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution:

"The Korean youth must resolutely fight, first of all, for the victory of the Korean revolution and, at the same time, actively take part in the common struggle of the progressive people and youth of the world, and in every way support and encourage the revolutionary movements in all countries. This signifies fidelity to the principles of proletarian internationalism."

And he said that firm unity should be maintained with the progressive youth and students of the world under the unfurled revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

Upholding the teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, the League of Socialist Working Youth has during the period under review strengthened constantly the ties of friendship and solidarity with the youth and students' organizations of socialist countries and the democratic youth and students' organizations of various countries of the world, he pointed out, and went on to say:

Today the revolutionary cause of our people and youth enjoys support and encouragement of an increasing number of youth and students and progressive youth organizations of the world.

He, on behalf of the attendants of the Congress and the entire Korean youth, expressed deep thanks to the foreign friends there present, the progressive youth organizations and all the youths of various countries of the world.

The aggression and war policy of the imperialists, notably that of the U.S. imperialists, is being further pronounced with each passing day, which is extremely straining the situation in all regions of the world and gravely threatening universal peace, he said, and stressed: All the progressive youth of the world, to say nothing of the youths of socialist countries, must fight more resolutely against the imperialists, the U.S. imperialists above all, and unite solidly in the course of this struggle.

He said:

The Korean people and youth will continue a resolute fight against the aggressive forces of the imperialists led by U.S. imperialism. We will unite with the youths of all the countries fighting against the U.S. imperialists, support the struggle of the peoples and youths of all the countries against the U.S. imperialists, strengthen the solidarity with all the progressive youth of the world and strive to win their support in the course of the anti-U.S. struggle.

He remarked that Asia has now turned into a front of the fiercest anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle. Exposing the fact that the U.S. imperialists are directing the spearhead of aggression to Asia, and incessantly stepping up their aggressive manoeuvres in this area, he said that the prevailing situation demands all the peace-loving peoples and the progressive youth and students to curb and frustrate resolutely the criminal aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists in Asia.

He called on all the peace-loving peoples and youths of the world to render more active support and encouragement to the fighting Indochinese peoples and youths and stressed:

The Korean youths are fully prepared to fight, together with the Vietnamese comrades-in-arms, against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, our common enemy, whenever requested by them. Further, he expressed firm solidarity with the Laotian and Cambodian peoples and youths in their struggle against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys.

He fully supported the fraternal Chinese people and youth in their righteous struggle for liberating Taiwan, their sacred territory, from the U.S. imperialist occupation.

The U.S. imperialist aggression on Asia will be foiled and our common cause of building an independent, prosperous and new Asia be certainly crowned with victory when all the people, youth and students of the revolutionary countries in Asia, rallied in a single united front against U.S. imperialism, will wage a resolute struggle in close unity under the support and encouragement of progressive people and youth of the whole world, holding higher the banner of anti-U.S. struggle, he said.

In order to oppose U.S. imperialism and safeguard peace in Asia and the world, all the progressive youth of the world should fight by a concerted action against U.S. imperialism and against Japanese militarism and further strengthen the struggle to thwart its aggressive ambition, he said.

In order to oppose Japanese militarism and shatter the aggressive collusion of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries, he said, it is important to support the Japanese people and youth in their struggle and to cement solidarity with them.

The U.S. imperialist strategy of destroying the revolutionary countries one by one should be decisively frustrated, he stressed, and quoted the following teaching of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung:

"The peoples of revolutionary countries in Asia, the Palestinian people and other fighting Arab peoples, the African and Latin-American peoples fighting for freedom and liberation and all the revolutionary peoples of the world should be firmly banded together to deal blows at U.S. imperialism and dismember it."

When the peoples and youths of the revolutionary and fighting countries come to dismember U.S. imperialism in such a way as to limb and behead it by themselves everywhere in the world, it will become impotent and bite the dust in the end.

He extended positive support to and firm solidarity with the peoples and youths of the Middle and Near East, African and Latin-American countries which are unfolding struggles of various types including the armed struggle against the imperialists and colonialists led by U.S. imperialism and for freedom and liberation and the consolidation of national independence and the peoples and youths of socialist countries which are struggling against the war policy of U.S. imperialism and for the great cause of socialism and communism and the people and youth of North and West European, North American and Australian countries who are fighting against imperialist aggression and exploitation of capital and for social progress.

Then he dwelt on the questions of the development of the international youth movement.

He pointed out that for the international youth movement to develop on a sound basis as a militant and revolutionary organization and achieve its goal, it is absolutely necessary to hold aloft the banner of struggle against imperialism, U.S. imperialism in particular.

The League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea and the Korean youth, together with the progressive youths of the whole world, will continue to wage a resolute struggle to develop the international youth movement into a more powerful revolutionary force, upholding the banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, he stated, and went on:

We will be positive in rejecting every machination to give up the revolution and the anti-imperialist struggle and to weaken the struggle of young people against imperialism.

He continued to say:

The firm maintenance of independence and the aspiration towards socialism—that is the trend of modern times that no force can hold in check.

We will firmly maintain independent stand not only in the struggle against imperialism and for building a new life of socialism but also in the domain of international activities on the basis of our own faith and will unite and co-operate with the democratic youth organizations of the world and consolidate the international solidarity on the basis of independence.

The LSWY and the Korean youth, upholding the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and the revolutionary banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, will continue to wage a staunch struggle against U.S.-led imperialism and Japanese militarism and for the common cause of peace and democracy, national independence and the victory of socialism in unity with the youths of socialist countries, in unity with the fighting youths of Asia, Africa and Latin America and in close unity with all the progressive youth and students of the world.

In conclusion, Chairman Kim Si Hak said that in the fruitful and honourable struggle to realize the magnificent programme put forward by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, at the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, too, the LSWY and young people will fully show their unlimited loyalty to the Leader, and bring another immortal achievement to the fatherland and people.

Our revolution is protracted and arduous as ever, but no force and no difficulty can block the victorious advance of the Korean people and youth, he said, and stressed:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution and the Marxist-Leninist of genius, who always leads our revolution to the one straight road of victory, is at the head of our ranks and the invincible banner of Marxism-Leninism, the great revolutionary banner of the *Juche* idea of our Party, illumines the road ahead of us like a beacon lamp.

The LSWY and the entire Korean youth will advance unwaveringly towards the final victory of the revolution, singleheartedly following the great Leader in any adversity.

We Call Upon World Peace-loving Peoples Marking Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle

to Vigorously Wage International Joint Struggle for Complete Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggression Troops from South Korea

The Social Organizations of Our Country Issue a Joint Statement

The social organizations of our country issued a joint statement on June 21, marking the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea, which reads:

JOINT STATEMENT

On the Occasion of the Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle for the Withdrawal of the U.S. Imperialist Aggression Troops from South Korea

The month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea is drawing near.

Every year the world people mark off the period from June 25, the day when the U.S. imperialists ignited a war of aggression in Korea, to July 27, the day when they signed the Armistice Agreement going down on their knees before the Korean people, as the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle and vigorously unfold the struggle against the policy of aggression and war of the U.S. imperialists and for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea and express firm solidarity with the Korean people in their just struggle for the independent, peaceful reunification of the fatherland.

This deals a blow at the U.S. imperialists and gives the Korean people great inspiring strength and, furthermore, contributes to strengthening the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle of the world people.

On the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle, June 25-July 27, we express deep thanks to the governments and peoples of all the peace-loving states of the world and international democratic organisations for the active support and solidarity manifested by them invariably for the just cause of the Korean people and to the solidarity committees and various progressive political parties and social organisations and individual personages in different countries for their support to the struggle of the Korean people for the reunification of the fatherland.

The situation in our country remains acute and tense on the threshold of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle, June 25-July 27, this year.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"The aggressive manoeuvrings of the U.S. imperialists are being further intensified and their plots to provoke another war are becoming more undisguised. Under the wing of the U.S. imperialists the Japanese militarists are also stepping up their reaggression manoeuvres against Korea. The puppet clique of south Korea, the dual stooges of U.S. and Japanese reactionaries, are running about recklessly in an endeavour to execute the war policies of their masters. In our country the danger of war is further increasing with every passing day."

What deserves special attention in the policy of aggression pursued by the U.S. imperialists in Korea today is that they are stepping up their manoeuvres to provoke a new war by more crafty and sinister method under the cloak of the so-called "Nixon doctrine."

Since they brought forth the "Nixon doctrine," the U.S. imperialists have been increasing the combat force of their aggression troops and largely reinforcing the south Korean puppet army and stepping up its "modernization" by introducing into south Korea a large number of combat planes and various types of warships and modern lethal weapons from their bases in Japan and the U.S. mainland behind the smokescreen of the high-sounding ruse of the so-called "reduction" of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops occupying south Korea and openly drawing even the Japanese militarists into their manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war.

The U.S. imperialists are daily intensifying the military provocative acts against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, while madly stepping up the war preparations in south Korea.

During the last one year the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated the provocative acts of firing more than 221,000 shells and bullets into the area of the northern half of the Republic on more than 640 occasions. Entering this year the U.S. imperialists fired more than 10,000 shells and bullets into populated areas of the northern half of the Republic in the single day of April 30 and in May they perpetrated such acts of armed provocation more than 40 times. While committing incessant armed provocations in the area along the Military Demarcation Line the U.S. imperialist aggressors keep sending their armed spies to the northern half of the Republic through the Demilitarized Zone and they not only infiltrated armed spy boats into the coastal sea of our side but also perpetrated grave hostile provocative acts of infiltrating high-altitude reconnaissance planes one after another into the territorial air of the northern half of the Republic more than six times in succession in the recent few months.

As the world history of wars shows, such provocative acts are deliberate acts of aggression which the imperialists commit only on the eve of a war for the purpose of spying on military establishments and other military secrets and finding pretexts for provoking a war.

Still fresh in the memory of the world people is the fact that the U.S. imperialist brigands created a really critical situation threatening the outbreak of a new war by bringing huge aggressor armed forces up to the doorstep of our country and attempting an open armed invasion of the northern half of the Republic at the time of the incident of their armed spy ship "Pueblo" in 1968 and the incident of the large-size spy plane "E.C.-121" in 1969.

This outrageous aggressive provocative act of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, of course, sustained an ignominious defeat each time in face of the determined counter-blow dealt by the Korean people.

The U.S. imperialists, however, instead of drawing a lesson from it, keep the situation in Korea constantly acute, intensifying the manoeuvres to provoke a war.

From the first day of their occupation of south Korea the U.S. imperialists have all along pursued the insidious aim of not only turning south Korea into their colony but also invading the whole of Korea and Asia with it as a stepping-stone.

Due to the U.S. imperialists' policies of aggression and colonial enslavement, south Korea has been converted into a human hell under the sway of hunger and poverty, terrorism and murder.

The further intensification of the war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists in Korea in recent years is explained by the fact that they have directed the spearhead of aggression against Asia and stepped up the move for spreading the flames of war to a vast area of Asia to suppress the daily growing revolutionary movement of the people in this area and for invading socialist countries.

The U.S. imperialists are now zealously drawing even the revived Japanese militarists into it.

The Japanese militarists revived under the aegis of the U.S. imperialists have already stretched their crooked hands of reinvasion deep into south Korea and are openly taking the course of overseas aggression, with the foolish intention to realise their old dream of the "Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere" as a reward for their active cooperation and partnership with the U.S. imperialists in their policy of Asian aggression.

The Japanese militarists even worked out a very adventurous war plan for aggression on Korea and are openly weaving plots to hurl their aggressor armed forces on to the Korean front, in accordance with the aggressive plan of the U.S. imperialists to unleash another war in Korea, using south Korea as the forward base and the Japanese militarist forces as a "shock force."

In tune with the deceptive row of "reduction" of the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces occupying south Korea raised by the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese militarists rave that "Japan cannot but study a plan for defending the Republic of Korea by herself" and they once again openly proclaimed that the whole of Korea falls within their operational zone crying out for a "defence sphere of a radius of 1,000 nautical miles around Tokyo" some time ago.

On the other hand, the Japanese militarists, from late May to early June, staged provocative "U.S.-Japan joint military exercises" by bringing large numbers of warships and combat planes deep into the East Sea of Korea and the "chief of general staff of the ground self-defence force" of Japan himself showed up in south Korea and, gadding about the area along the Military Demarcation Line, studied the war preparedness of the south Korean puppet army and went into a war huddle with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Military personnel of the Japan "self-defence forces" are creeping into south Korea openly or by stealth with ever greater frequency to systematically spy on the forward areas and hastening the perfection of the joint operation system with the south Korean puppet army.

On July 1, Sato himself, the boss of Japanese militarism, is expected to turn up in south Korea to be followed on his heels by "self-defence forces" generals and a Japanese military aggressor group of more than 30 men under the cloak of "defence trainees."

All these clearly show what a dangerous stage the Japanese militarists have reached in their aggressive schemes against Korea.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the dual stooges of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries, are commandeering all the manpower and material resources in south Korea to faithfully execute their masters' policies of aggression and war.

After expanding the south Korean puppet army to 700,000 men, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique not yet satisfied, have brought into shape the "homeland reserve force" 2.5 million strong and are now stepping up its full armament and "conversion into combat force" and establishing or expanding the military bases and military establishments everywhere in south Korea and building strategic roads on a large scale.

The prevailing situation amply proves that the notorious "Nixon doctrine" of the U.S. imperialists is nothing but a more crafty and adventurous war policy invented for preventing the disintegration of the system of their world domination resulting from the bankruptcy of the "policy of strength" and that the "cutback" of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops occupying south Korea much advertised by the U.S. imperialists is a mere veil for covering up the new war preparations they are frantically hastening in south Korea.

The U.S. imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique are raising a hue and cry over the "threat of southward aggression" and so forth in an attempt to legalise their heinous manoeuvrings of war provocation.

But they can deceive no one with this.

There has been no and there can be no "threat of southward aggression" from the beginning.

Widely known to the world are the stark reality that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has consistently endeavoured for the peaceful solution of the question of Korean reunification, and that the root cause of the threat to peace and security of the people in Korea today lies exactly in the occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialists' aggression army and their war policy.

To conceal their criminal colours in desperately blocking the peaceful reunification of Korea, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique wax eloquent about the so-called "UN-supervised election," "peaceful reunification programme" and so on.

But the "UN-supervised election" is nothing but a ruse intended to veil the aggressive acts committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors in south Korea under the United Nations flag and extend the colonial ruling system they have forced upon south Korea to the northern half of the Republic and the "peaceful reunification programme" much vaunted by the Pak Jung Hi clique amounts to no more than a propaganda of political intrigues full of lies and deceits from start to finish, devoid of any formula for the settlement of the reunification question.

That the U.S. imperialists and their stooges are the very ones who are disturbing peace in Korea and barring the peaceful reunification of Korea is revealed to the full by the fact that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are ranting these days Korea's reunification must be a "reunification by prevailing over communism" and the question of reunification can be talked of only in the second half of the 1970's while frantically repressing the demand for north-south interchange and peaceful reunification which is ringing out ever louder from among the broad masses of the south Korean people and political figures.

All the facts prove that the root cause of the constant threat of war coupled with the increasing tension in Korea today lies precisely in the continued occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their policy of war.

As long as the U.S. imperialist aggressor army and the present puppet rulers are left alone in south Korea, the danger of a war in Korea cannot be removed and the peaceful reunification of Korea is unthinkable.

In order to remove tension which is getting acute with each passing day in Korea and achieve the peaceful reunification of Korea, the U.S. imperialist aggressor army should, first of all, be withdrawn from south Korea and the present military fascist dictatorship be liquidated.

The U.S. imperialist aggressor army has neither reason nor ground to stay on in south Korea any longer.

The U.S. imperialists must discontinue at once the deceptive row of "U.S. army reduction" and withdraw their aggressor troops from south Korea without delay and completely.

The United Nations must take measures to withdraw the U.S. imperialist aggression troops occupying south Korea under the signboard of the "UN forces" and disband the "UN Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea" serving as a dirty aggressive tool of U.S. imperialism and must not allow the U.S. imperialists to use the UN as an instrument for aggression any longer.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors pull out of south Korea and a people's power is established or new, patriotic-minded men are put in power in south Korea, peace will be guaranteed in Korea and the peaceful reunification of the country be achieved successfully by the Korean people themselves.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has already put forward time and again fair and reasonable proposals in concrete form for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"We have made it clear time and again that if democratic personages with national conscience come to power in south Korea and demand the withdrawal of U.S. troops, release political prisoners and guarantee democratic freedom, then we are ready to hold negotiations with them on the question of the peaceful reunification of the fatherland at any time and at any place."

The Fifth Session of the Fourth Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea held in April last put forth an eight-point national salvation programme which will be made the basis of negotiation with democratic personages of national conscience if they come to power in south Korea after the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops are withdrawn from south Korea.

This national salvation programme providing for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army from south Korea, the reduction of the armies of north and south Korea, the abolition of all the treacherous and shackling treaties the south Korean puppet regime concluded with foreign countries, the establishment of a united central government through north-south general elections under the condition of ensuring complete freedom of political activity of political parties, social organizations and individual personages in the whole areas of north and south Korea and the establishment of confederation of north and south Korea as a transitional step and north-south interchange and the convocation of a political consultative meeting of north and south Korea, etc. reflects the unanimous desire and aspiration of the entire Korean people and it is a most fair and just and realistic programme acceptable to all who truly want to see the reunification of the country.

Therefore, this peaceful reunification programme of ours enjoys active approval and support of all the peace-loving peoples of the world, to say nothing of the entire north and south Korean people.

In south Korea the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, under the aegis of the U.S. and Japanese masters, rigged of late the puppet "presidential elections" and "national assembly elections" through swindle and irregularities in a horrifying atmosphere of terrorism and suppression to establish their fascist long-term power system. But the results have landed them in a more utter isolation and shaken the colonial rule to its very foundation in south Korea.

The massive advance of the patriotic south Korean student youth and people for political freedom and democratic rights has been stepped up to a new extent and the sentiments for forming an anti-U.S., national salvation united front under the banner of anti-imperialism, anti-fascism and democratization have run high and voices demanding north-south interchange and the peaceful reunification of the fatherland have rung louder than ever before.

This shows that no force whatever can check the upsurge of the revolutionary struggle and the collapse of the present military fascist dictatorship in south Korea.

Korea today is one of the fronts of the fiercest anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, in direct confrontation with the chieftain of world imperialism.

The Korean people call upon all the anti-imperialist forces of the world to unite and fight jointly against U.S. imperialism, and are making consistent efforts to this end.

We express the conviction that in this month of anti-U.S. joint struggle the governments and peoples of the socialist countries and all the peace-loving countries in Asia, Africa, Latin America and the rest of the world, international democratic organizations, the solidarity committees, progressive political parties, social organizations and political and public figures of various countries supporting the struggle of the Korean people for the reunification of the country will, in diverse forms and ways of struggle, vigorously wage an international joint struggle for the complete withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea and manifest more active support and solidarity for the just struggle of the Korean people for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

The active support and encouragement of all the peace-loving forces of the world to the just struggle of the Korean people is one of the important factors in forcing the U.S. imperialist aggression troops out of south Korea, removing the tension in Korea and realizing the independent, peaceful reunification of Korea.

In firm solidarity with the international revolutionary forces the entire people of north and south Korea will firmly unite and, upholding the banner of anti-U.S. national salvation, continue to wage a forceful struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges and thus smash the sinister machinations of the enemies to perpetuate the split of the nation and surely realise the independent reunification of the fatherland.

The Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland
The Korean National Peace Committee
The Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity
The General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea
The Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea
The League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea
The Korean Democratic Women's Union
The General Federation of Literature and Arts of Korea
The Korean Journalists' Union
The Korean Democratic Lawyers' Association
The Korean Democratic Scientists' Association
The Korean Students' Committee

Pyongyang, June 21, 1971

More Foreign Guests Arrive in Pyongyang to Attend Sixth Congress of LSWYK

Delegations and representatives of international organizations and youth organizations and study groups of the works of Comrade Kim Il Sung in various countries arrived in Pyongyang on June 18 by plane or by train to attend the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea.

Follow the delegations and representatives that arrived here that day:

The delegation of the International Union of Students headed by Dusan Ulcak, Chairman of the International Union of Students; the delegation of the Mongolian Revolutionary Youth League headed by Sodovyn Dash, Member of the Central Committee of the Mongolian Revolutionary Youth League and Director of the Propaganda Department of the Central Committee of the Mongolian Revolutionary Youth League; the delegation of the Czechoslovak Union of Socialist Youth headed by Antonin Gimi, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Union of Socialist Youth; the delegation of the All-Poland Committee for Cooperation of Youth Organizations headed by Jerzy Grzybezak, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Rural Youth Union of Poland; Carlos Rafael Aguero, representative of the Youth of the National Liberation Sandinista Front of Nicaragua; the delegation of the Nepal Youth Organization headed by Gyan Prosad Shrostha, Member of the Katmandu District Committee of the Nepal Youth Organization; representative of the German Socialist Working Youth Dieter Keller, Vice-Chairman of the German Socialist Working Youth; representative of the Union of Democratic Youth of Lebanon Jaqueline Nabbout, Member of the Executive Committee of the Central Committee of the Union of Democratic Youth of Lebanon and Member of its Secretariat; the delegation of the Youth of the People's Party of Mauritania headed by Bacari Coulibaly, Deputy to the National Assembly of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania and Member of the Supreme Council of the Youth of the People's Party of Mauritania; the delegation of the Young Worker's Liberation League of America headed by Carolyn Black, National Secretary in Charge of Black People of the Young Worker's Liberation League of America; representative of the United Centre of Workers of Venezuela Plutarco Morantes, Secretary in Charge of Youth Affairs of the Destrito Federal and Estado Miranda Regional United Centre of Workers; the delegation of the Ministry for Youth, Sports and Public Affairs of the Sudan headed by Ahmed Abdel Khalim Muhammed, Deputy Minister for Youth, Sports and Public Affairs of the Sudan; the delegation of the Youth of the National Liberation Front of Algeria headed by Addour Larbi, Member of the National Council of the Youth of the National Liberation Front of Algeria; the delegation of the Youth of the Popular Liberation Movement of Angola headed by Lourenco Ferreira, Political Commissar of the Popular Liberation Movement of Angola; representative of the Youth Organization of the People's Party of Iran Ibrahimy Anooshiravan, First Secretary of the Azerbaijan Regional Youth Organization of the People's Party of Iran; the delegation of the Federation of Communist Youth of Italy headed by Marco Marcucci, Member of the Secretariat of the Federation of Communist Youth of Italy; representative of the Communist Youth of Ecuador Solon Guerrero, Secretary General of the Central Committee of the Communist Youth of Ecuador.

(To Be Continued)

FROM LEFT:
Delegation of the International Union of Students, Delegation of the Mongolian Revolutionary Youth League, Delegation of the Czechoslovak Union of Socialist Youth, Delegation of the All-Poland Committee for Cooperation of Youth Organizations, Representative of the Youth of the National Liberation Sandinista Front of Nicaragua, Delegation of the Nepal Youth Organization, Representative of the German Socialist Working Youth, Representative of the Union of Democratic Youth of Lebanon.

FROM LEFT:
Delegation of the Youth of the People's Party of Mauritania, Delegation of the Young Worker's Liberation League of America, Representative of the United Centre of Workers of Venezuela, Delegation of the Ministry for Youth, Sports and Public Affairs of the Sudan, Delegation of the Youth of the National Liberation Front of Algeria, Delegation of the Youth of the Popular Liberation Movement of Angola, Representative of the Youth Organization of the People's Party of Iran, Delegation of the Federation of Communist Youth of Italy, Representative of the Communist Youth of Ecuador

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